

BILOWICKA, Maria; GRANICZNA, Lucja; SZELEZYNSKI, Kasimierz

Evaluation of results of treatment of tuberculous cavities with intrabronchial instillations of antimicrobial drugs. Gruslica 25 no.1:23-30 Jan 57.

1. Z Kliniki Ftysjatrycznej Akademii Medycznej w Gdansku Kierownik: prof. dr. M. Telatycki. Adres: Gdansk, ul. Missewskiego 18. (TUBERCULOSIS, ther.

intrabronchial instillations of antimicrobial drugs in cavities ther. (Pol))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"

GRANICZNY, A.

"Exploration and Determination of Ores of Nonferrous Metals." p.39 (PRZEGLAD GEOLOGICZNY No. 1/2, Jan./Feb. 1954 Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, LC, Vol. 3, no. 5, May 1954/Uncl.

GRANICZNY, A.
"Terminology and comprehension of some basic activities in geology," Przeglad Geologiczny, Warszawa, No 7, July 1954, p. 289.

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 11, Nov 1954, L.C.

GRANICZNY, S.

The spring work of plant culture. p. 36. (LAS POLSKI. Vol. 26, no. 3, Mar. 1952.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, L.C., Vol. 3, No. 4, April, 1954

K

Country : POLAND

Category: Forestry, Forest Brology and Typology

Abs Jour: RZhBiol., No 12, 1958, No 53451

Author : Graniczny, St.

: Contemporary Research on the Territory of Bialowieski Inst

Title National Park.

Orig Pub: Sylvan, 1955, Aloo, No 1, 59-61.

Abstract: This article notes the many sided character of the

biological studies in the Biolowieski park. It gives a brief historical reference to the chief periods of the research activity: up to 1928, 1929-1943 and 1944 to the present. The enormous significance of the complex studies of the third period

for various professions is emphasized.

: 1/1 Card

GRANICZNY, S.

AGRICULTURE

Periodicals: LAS POLSKI. Vol. 31, no. 21, Nov. 1957

GRANICZNY, S. Impressions from the visit of forests in the Baltic region. Pt. 2. (To be contd.) p.8.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2, February 1959, Unclass.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"

COUNTRY K Poland CATEGORY Forestry. Forest Cultures. ABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No. 4,1959, No. 15503 : Graniczny, Stefan AUTHOR -NST. Facts about Increasing the Diversity of the Opecies Composition of Pine Cultures. TLE ORIG. PUB. : Las polski, 1957, 31, No.22, 12-13 ABSTRACT In the opinion of the author, the principal species in dry, fresh, moist, and mixed young pine forests should be the pine, and leafy types should play a subordinate role. In dry and fresh young forests a mixture is expedient from the biccenotic and soil-protective aspects, and in a mixed young forest the admixture of leafy species has a biocenotic and educational value. Only in mixed types do the pines bow to the importance of 1/2 CARD:

27

GRANICZNY, S.

Observations on the development of plant vegetation in Bialowieza National Park.p.36

SYLWAN: (Wydzial Nauk Rolniczych i Lesnych Polskiej Akademii Nauk i Polskie Towarzystwo Lesne) Warszawa, Poland (Journal on forestry issued by the Section of Agricultural and Forestry Sciences, Polish Academy of Sciences; and the Polish Society of Forestry; with English and Russian Summaries. Includes Supplements; Biuletyn Instytutu Badawczego Lesnictwa, bulletin of the Forest Research Institute; Biuletyn Instytutu Technologii Drewna, bulletin of the Institute of Wood Technology; Przeglad Dokumentacyjny Drzewnictwa, Documentation of the Institute of Wood Technology; and Prezeglad Dokumentacyjny Lesnictwa, documentation of the Forest Research Institue.

Monthly)
Vol. 101, no. 4, Apr. 1957

Monthly List of East European Accessions Index (EEAI), LC, VOL. 8, no. 6, June 1959 Uncl.

GRANICZNY, S.

Introductory proposals for improving the binding principles of tree felling. I. (To be contd.) p. 6.

LAS POLASKI. (Ministerstwo Lesnictwa oraz Stowarzyszenie Naukowo-Techniczne Inzynierow i Technikow Lesnictwa i Drzewnictwa) Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 32, no. 10, May 1958.

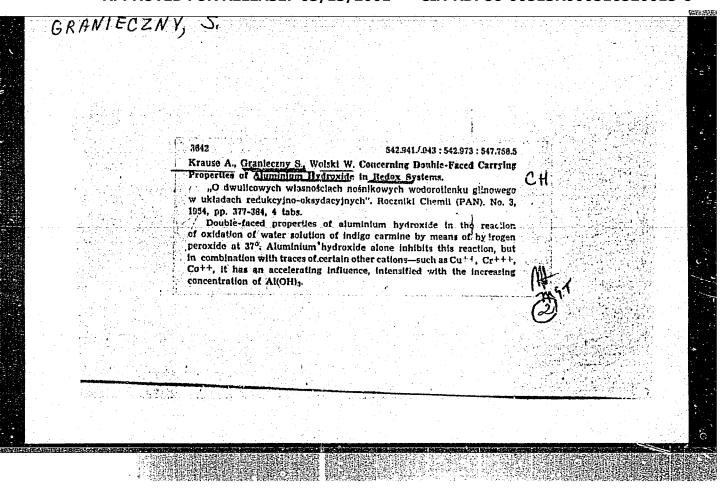
Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAI) LC, Vol. 9, no. 1, Jan. 1960. Uncl.

GRANICZNY, S.

A simplified method for defining the conditions of sunlight, the basic ecologic factor in silviculture. p. 31.

SYLWAN (Wydział Nauk Rolniczych i Lesnych Polskiej Akaderii Nauk i Polskie Towarzystwo Lesne) Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 103, no. 4, Apr 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 9, September 1959. Uncl.



GRANIEWSKI, Stanislaw; WIECHNO, Wojciech

Intrahepatic cholelithiasis. Wiad. lek. 18 no.14:1157-1161 15 J1 '65.

1. Z Oddzialu Chir. Szpitala Bielanskiego w Warszawie (Ordynato: doc. dr. med. W. Wiechno).

S/077/61/005/005/006/006 B019/B059

AUTHORS:

Dubovik, A. S., Granigg, A. B.

TITLE:

On the work of the Section for Photographic Recorders at the Second All-Union Conference on High-speed Photography and

Cinematography

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal nauchnoy i prikladnoy fotografii i kinematografii,

v. 5, no. 5, 1961, 397 - 400

TEXT: In the Sektsiya s"yemochnoy apparatury na vtorom vsesoyuznom soveshchanii po vysokoskorostnoy fotografii i kinematografii (Section for Photographic Recorders at the Second All-Union Conference on High-speed Photography and Cinematography), A. S. Dubovik (IKhF AS USSR) held a lecture on the mode of operation of a number of reflector compensators of film motion. A. B. Granigg, Ye. A. Tarantov, and I. I. Kryzhanovskiy read papers on problems of calculation and construction. Granigg (IKhF AS USSR) derived an equation which permits the calculation of the basic data of a camera, such as recording speed, light intensity, etc. Tarantov gave formulas for the calculation of the "dynamic resolution", for the calculation of the

Card 1/2

S/077/61/005/005/006/006 B019/B059

On the work of the Section for ...

picture shift during exposure, etc. Kryzhanovskiy made a report on a camera designed in the LITMO taking up to 500 000 pictures per second on a 16-mm film which can be used in a standard 16-mm projector. S. G. Grenishin and Yu. P. Shchepetkin (GOI) spoke on a new film transporter which operates smoothly. In as much as the film is transported over drums. The design and manufacture of lens screens was discussed by S. P. Ivanov and L. V. Akimakina (NIKFI). O. F. Grebennikov, V. B. Gusev, and S. M. Provornov (LIKI) gave a report on a camera of the type PKC-11(RKS-11) with two lens screens which was worked out by them. L. A. Vasil'yev, L. A. Skuratova, and Ye. A. Tarantov investigated the use of screen cameras with dark-field and interference devices for gasdynamical investigations. V. V. Garnov and A. S. Dubovik (IKhF AS USSR) described the stereophotography by means of an COP (SFR) camera with 1 250 000 pictures per second. N. V. Sel'tsov (LAFOKI AS USSR) suggested some attachments and alterations of the CKC (SKS) camera, which should widen the field of application of this camera. The improvements concern control before and after picture taking, attachments for macrotakings and an enlargement of the diaphragm. There are 3 figures.

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SHRIPMAN, G. L., DUBOVIK, A. S., KEVLISHVILI, P. V., GRANIGG, A. B. KOROLOV, I. A.

"The High Speed No Dead-Time Franing Camera **AB-1'

report presented at the 6th Intl. Cong. of Righ-Speed Photography, The Rague,
17-22 Sep '62

Dubovik, A.S.; GRANICG, A.B. Design and calculation of high-speed cameras with commutation of the image. Zhur.nauch.i prikl.fot.i kin. 7 no.1:36-47 Ja-F 162. 1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR. (Cameras)

L 10176-63

EWT(1)/BDS/EED(b)-2/ES(v)-

ASD/RADC/SSD-Pe-4-LJP(C)

ACCESSION NR: AP3001619

s/0030/63/000/005/0073/0075

Shnirman, G. L.; Dubovik, A. S.; Kevlishvili, P. V.;

Korolev, I. A.

TITLE: New camera for high-speed photography

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Vestnik, no. 5, 1963, 73-75

TOPIC TAGS: high-speed photography, photographing physical phenomena

ABSTRACT: The Institut khimicheskoy fiziki Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry, Academy of Sciences SSSR) has designed and built the ZhLV-1 camera for photographing high-speed luminescent phenomena, e.g., hightemperature plasma, combustion and explosion processes, and shock waves. The orginality of the mirror-scanning system, the automation of operation, and the camera's advanced engineering characteristics make it a very powerful tool for investigation. The camera can be used for frame photography with a speed of 45,000 to 4,200,000 frames per second and as a photorecorder with slit scanning and time resolution of up to 2 x 10 sup -8 sec. The frame size and image

Card 1/2

L 10176-63 ACCESSION NR: AP3001619

scale can be selected according to the experimental conditions. The focal length varies from 50 to 450 mm. Continuous photorecording is done by means of mirror scanning, which is accomplished by two plane-parallel mirrors crossed at an angle of 45° and located on one axis of rotation in two circles, one above the other. The camera is controlled remotely. The operator controls the supply voltage and the vacuum pump manually; all other operations proceed automatically. There is a system for recording the rotations of mirrors during photographing. The mirror-scanning, frame-photographing, and photorecording with slit scanning processes are shown diagramatically. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 21Jun63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 00

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

SHNIRMAN, G.L.; DUBOVIK, A.S.; KEVLISHVILI, P.V.; GRANIGG, A.B.; KOROLEV, I.A.

High-speed "ZhLV-1" time lapse camera. Zhur.nauch.i prikl. fot.i kin. 8 no.1:50-56 Ja-F '63. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR.
(Cameras) (Photography, Time lapse)

DUBOVIK, A.S.; GRANIGG, A.B.

Determining of the position of the scanning center and the irregularity of the frequency of picture taking in high-speed cameras with image conversion. Zhur. nauch. i prikl. fot. i kin. 8 no.4:276-283 Jl-Ag 163. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR. (Photography, High-speed) (Cameras)

GRANIGG, A.B.

Some problems of the design of high-speed motion-picture cameras with reflex image scanning. Usp.nauch.fot. 9:40-47 '64. (MIRA 18:11)

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AUTHORS: Granigg, A. B.; Dubovik, A. S.

TITLE: High-speed driven-type camera. Class 57, No. 165965

Source: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovernyekh znakov, no. 20, 1964, 81

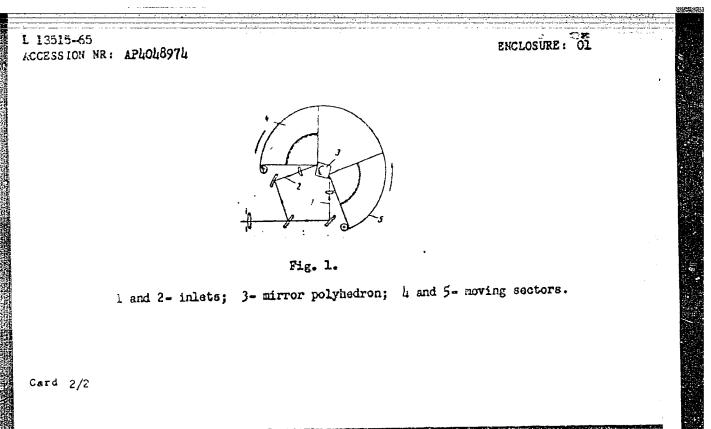
TOPIC TAGS: camera

ACCOUNT. This Author Certificate describes a high-speed driven-type camera (see the Euclosure) which records the images on photographic films placed on the Euclosure) which records the images on photographic films placed on a sylindrical surface. These sections form working sectors containing two images, situated on a single place, and a surror polymetren. To simplify the process of deciphering the recording within the given total time, the working made are made alike and are situated in the plane containing the inlats. These is the record only in one sector, and the last record in the terminal section of the following sector. These sections are placed in the scanning path. Orig. art. has: I figure.

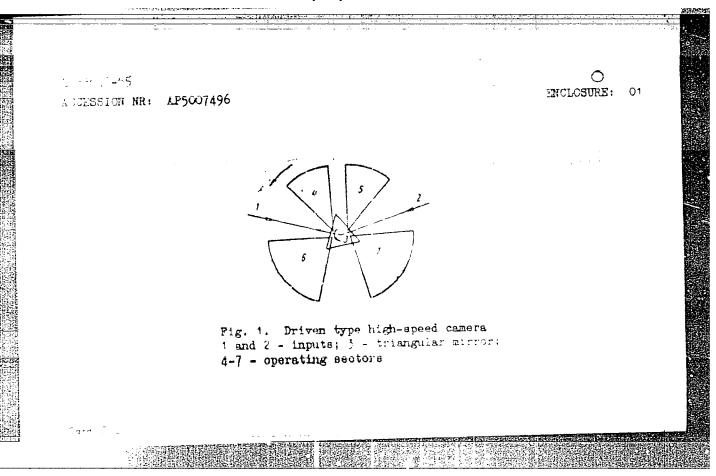
ASSOCIATION: none SUBMITTED: 240ct63

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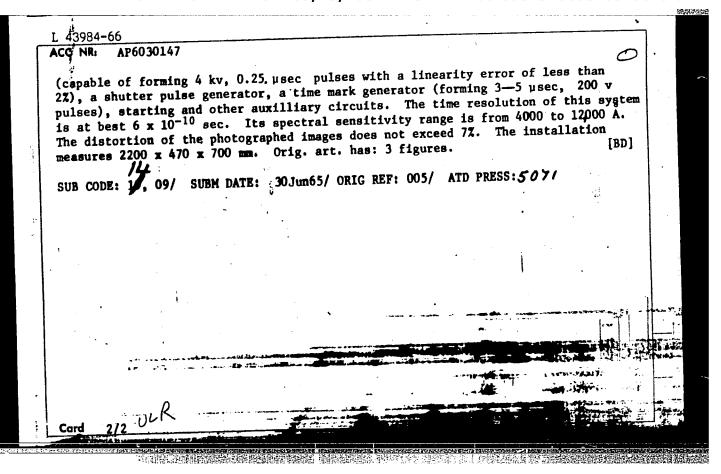
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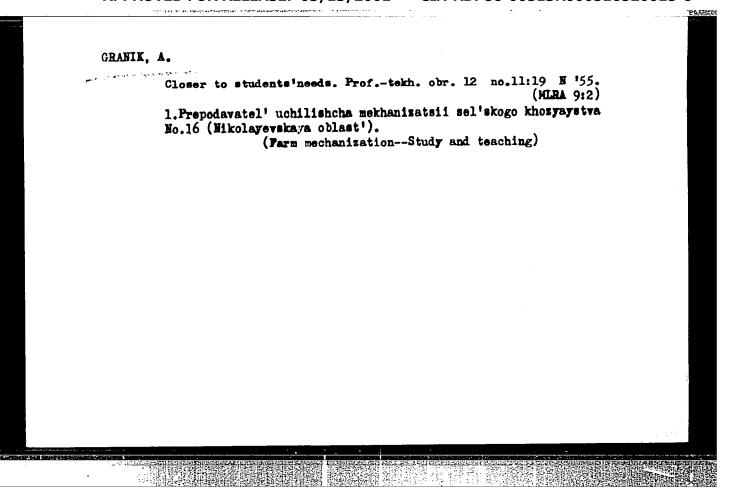


2014 一块位,如6分,或6分,或6分,10分。 3 15196 65/000/004/0105/0105 : 14081 M NR: AP5007496 Zel'manov, I. L.: Shnirman, G. L.: Dubovik, A. J.: Franigg, A. B. Till. Fariven type high-speed camera. Lass 37, No. 1885 A. SCURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 105 TOPIC TAGS: rotating mirror camera, high speed camera TRANS: This Author Certificate presents a driven type high-speed camera with two staining a rotating triangular mirror. To simplify the construction and to adjustment and operation of the amount four territing sectors differing it equal in pairs are placed in the place to the inmits see Fig. 1 on the The larger sector is placed in the site force of the inputs and the placed on the other side. The sigle between the input and the nearer side of the large sector is smaller than the angle between the input and the nearer side of the small sector. The corresponding angles about the inputs are equal. Orig. art. has: 1 diagram. ASSOCIATION: none SUB CODE: ES EMCL: 01 SUBMITTED: 13Sep63 OTHER: 000 NO REF SOV: 000 ord 1/2



AUTHOR: Gorbenko, B. Z.; Granigg; A. B; Drozhbin, Yu. A.; Korinfskiy, D. F; Galmachev, A. H.	L 43984-66 EWT(1)/T IJP(c) JGS	SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/66/000/004/0154/0156
TITLE: Moving-image camera with an electron-optical converter SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 4, 1966, 154-156 TOPIC TAGS: high speed camera, electrooptic camera ABSTRACT: An FEP-1 photographic chronograph capable of recording events at speeds of 20-160 km/sec is described. The system is suitable for determining the luminescence time in GaAs crystal p-n junctions, and for recording high-speed transient processes associated with exploding wires and the electrical discharge in gases. The photochronograph consists of an optical system, an image converter, a two stage light amplifier, and the control circuits. The optical part has a mirror lens with a focal length and a relative aperture of 2000 mm and 1:10, respectively. A vertical time controlled slit in the focal surface of the input lens allows the light to reach the electron-optical converter cathode. After amplification by the converter, the image of the process under study is time swept, displayed on its screen, and then photographed on film. Each image on the film contains time marks whose error is not greater than 10.4%. The electronic control circuits consist of a sweep generator	,	A. B; Drozhbin, Yu. A.; Korinfskiy, D. F;
TITLE: Moving-image camera with an electron-optical converter SOURCE: Pribory 1 tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 4, 1966, 154-156 TOPIC TAGS: high speed camera, electrooptic camera ABSTRACT: An FEP-1 photographic chronograph capable of recording events at speeds of 20-160 km/sec is described. The system is suitable for determining the luminescence time in GaAs crystal p-n junctions, and for recording high-speed transient processes associated with exploding wires and the electrical discharge in gases. The photochronograph consists of an optical system, an image converter, a two stage light amplifier, and the control circuits. The optical part has a mirror lens with a focal length and a relative aperture of 2000 mm and 1:10, respectively. A vertical time controlled slit in the focal surface of the input lens allows the light to reach the electron-optical converter cathode. After amplification by the converter, the image of the process under study is time swept, displayed on its screen, and then photographed on film. Each image on the film contains time marks whose error is not greater than *10.4%. The electronic control circuits consist of a sweep generator	Tolmachev, A. H.	\mathcal{B}
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Card 1/2 UDC: 621.383.6:778.37	ABSTRACT: An FEP-1 photographic choof 20-160 km/sec is described. The cence time in GaAs crystal p-n junction processes associated with exploding The photochronograph consists of an light amplifier, and the control cia focal length and a relative aper time controlled slit in the focal streach the electron-optical converte the image of the process under students.	hronograph capable of recording events at speeds e system is suitable for determining the lumines— ctions, and for recording high-speed transient g wires and the electrical discharge in gases. n optical system, an image converter, a two stage ircuits. The optical part has a mirror lens with rture of 2000 mm and 1:10, respectively. A vertical surface of the input lens allows the light to er cathode. After amplification by the converter, ddy is time swept, displayed on its screen, and then
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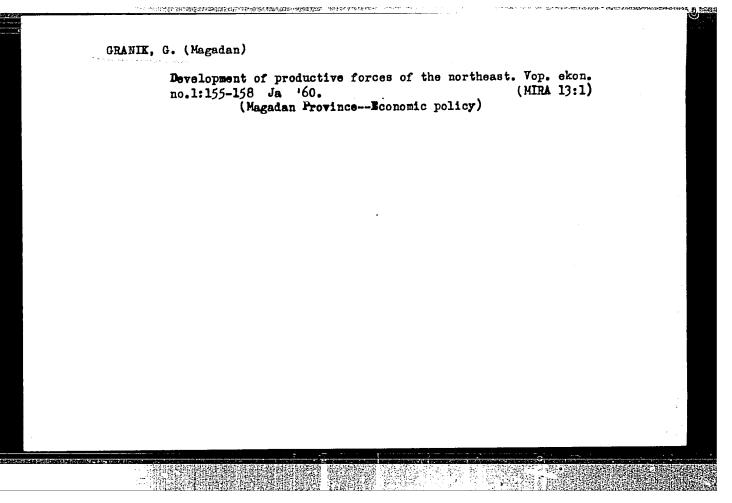




KUZNETSOV, A.P., inzh.; GRANIK, Ch.B., inzh.

Nomograms of the working parameters of a low-temperature two-refrigerant system refrigerating plant. Khol. tekh. i tekh. no.1:54-60 165.

(MIRA 18:9)



ROGOVIN, Naum Aleksandrovich; GRANIK, G.B., inzh., red.; MIKHAYLENKO, Yu.Ya., red.; SHTEYMBERG, L.K., tekhn.red.

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[Advanced methods in the building of steam power plants] Peredovye metody stroitel stva toplovykh elektrostantsii. Moskva, Orgenergostroi, 1958. 53 p. (MIRA 13:6) (Steam power plants) (Construction)

GRANIK, G.B., inzh.

Reducing the time and lowering construction costs during the initial stages of building thermoelectric power plants. Pron stroi. 37 no.5:26-30 My '59. (MIRA 12:7)

1. Institut Orgenergostroy.
(Electric power plants) (Construction industry--Costs)

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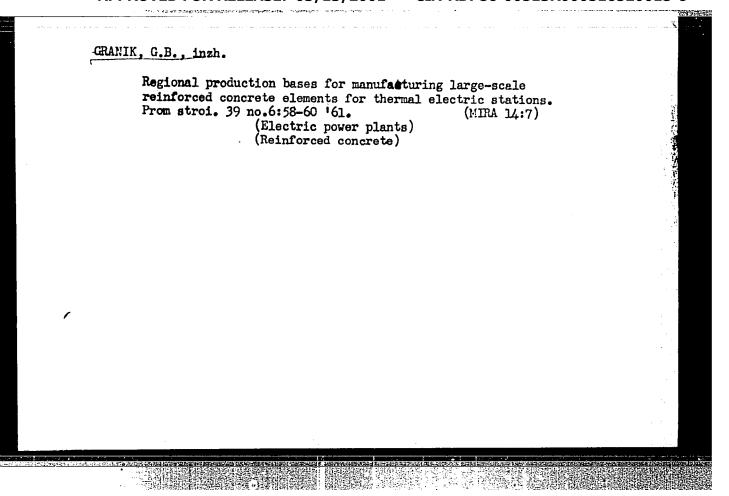
GRANIK, G.B., inzh.

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Tables of temporary structures and means of mechanization for constructing thermal power plants. Prom. stroi. 39 no. 1:11-16 161. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Moskovskiy filial instituta Orgenergostroy.
(Electric power plants—Design and construction)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"



GRANIK, G.B., inzh.

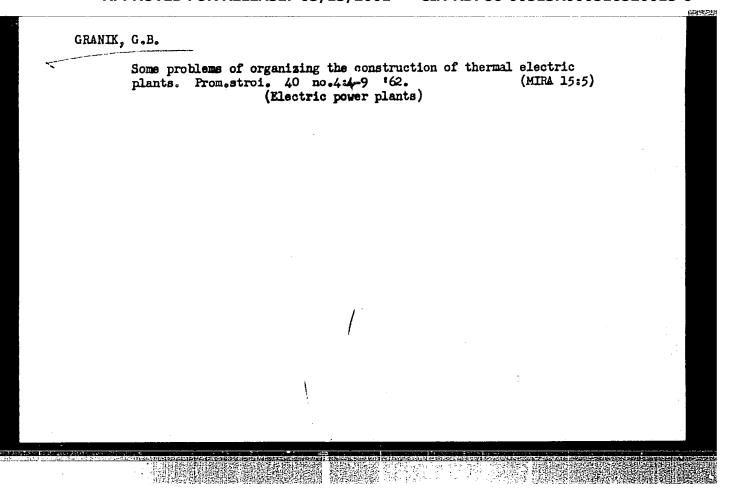
· 1915年中代成功的基本的主义的程序上的工作工程的数据的全方面和1945年 - 五年41年14日11日11日

Organization of the construction of the Lithuanian State
Regional Electric Power Plant. Energ. stroi. no.27:6-15 '62.

(MIRA 15:9)

1. Moskovskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo instituta po proyektirdvaniyu organizatsiy energeticheskogo stroitel'stva.

(Lithuania—Electric power plants)



GRANIK, G.B., inzh.

Design and organization of the construction of thermal electric power plants should be continuously improved. Energ. stroi. no.33:7-14 '63. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Moskovskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo instituta po proyektirovaniyu organizatsiy energeticheskogo stroitel'stva.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

GRANIK, G.B. inzh.

Organizing the construction of a great capacity thermal electric power plant of standard design. From. stroi 40 no.7:8-14 Jl '63. (MIRA 16:10)

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GRANIK, G.B., inzh.

Construction of thermal electric power plants on a continuous long-range basis. Prom. stroi. 41 no.6:6-10 Je '64. (MIRA 17:9)

GRANIK, G.I.

Main problems in developing the most important branches of industry in the northeastern U.S.S.R. Prob. Sev. no.5: 32-46 63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil pri Gosplane SSSR.

ACCESSION NR: AP4037064

8/0129/64/000/005/0010/0013

AUTHOR: Chudnovskaya, L. A.; Bernshteyn, M. L.; Granik, G. I.; Gladshteyn, V. A.

TITLE: Thermomagnetic Tempering of "R-18" Steel

SOURCE: Metallovedeniye i termicheskaya obrabotka metallov, no. 5, 1964, 10-13

TOPIC TAGS: austenite transformation, variable magnetic field, tempering, bend test, automated heat treatment, high speed steel

ABSTRACT: The authors consider the possibility of accelerating the austenite transformation during magnetic tempering of high-speed steel in: (1) 75 mm-long specimens prepared from a ground rod with an 8 mm diam used for the determination of the amount of residual austenite and Hc; (2) 30 mm-long dilatometric specimens prepared from a ground rod with a 3 mm diam; and (3) 4.5 x 4.5 x 50 mm specimens prepared from 25 x 15 mm hot-rolled strip for bending tests. Tempering with the application of a 600 and 1200 e variable magnetic field greatly accelerates the transformation of residual austenite at 550-560 C; 30 min. holding results in complete transformation. The magnetic field has the same effect when applied during holding and quenching. Bending strength is enhanced at all temperatures.

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4037064

The application of a magnetic field enhances austenite decomposition time by one and a half after a 500 C temper, 60 min holding period and quenching from 1300 C. Residual austenite content was 3% as against 10% without a magnetic field. The expedience of replacing the current technique of prolonged triple tempering by single tempering and the employment of a magnetic field was tested by the authors in 6 mm-dism. drills hardened by heating to 1280 C in a salt bath for 1.5 minutes and cooling in saltpeter to 400-500 C. After pickling the specimens were subjected to various tempering conditions with and without a magnetic field. The authors found that accelerated magnetic field tempering would make automation possible in the heat treatment of high-speed steel tools. Orig. art. has:

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut stali i splavov (Moscow Institute of Steel and Alloys), VNII (All Union Scientific Research Institute)

SUBMITIED: 00

DATE ACQ: 05Jup64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MM

NO REF. SOV: 001

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

CHUDNOVSKAYA, L.A.; BERNSHTEYN, M.L.; GRANIK, G.I.; GLADSHTEYN, V.A.

Thermomagnetic quenching of P18 steel. Metalloved. i term. obr. met. no.5:10-13 My '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Moskovskiy institut stali i splavov i Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy instrumental'nyy institut.

P	resent and fi	iture of Yak	utia river i	leet. Rech	.transp.16 n (MIRA 10:12	.11:25-26	
N	'57•	(Yakutia	Inland water	transporta	(MIRA 10:12 tion)	,	
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GRANIK, G.I., kand. ekon. mauk

River transportation in IAna, Indigirka, and Kolyma Hasins.
Rech. transp. 17 no.3:15-18 Mr '58. (MIRA 11:4)

(Yakutia--Inland river transportation)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"

GRANIK, G.I.

Transportation in northern Yakutia and principal problems in its development. Probl.Sev. no.3:160-167 159. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Sovet po isucheniyu proisvoditel nych sil AM SSSR. (Yakutia-Transportation)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"

GRANIK, Grigoriy Il'ich, kand. ekon. nauk; CHURASHOV, N.Ya., red.; YANOVSKIY, V.V., red.; YURCHENKO, L.I., red.; FEDOROVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Transportation in Magadan Province; present-day condition and development problems] Transport Magadanskoi oblasti; sovremennoe sostoianie i problemy razvitiia. Magadan, Magadanskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 61 p. (MIRA 14:9) (Magadan Province-Transportation)

GRANIK, G. I.

"Transport Development in the Arctic and Subarctic."

report to be submitted for the Intl. Geographical Union, 10th General Assembly and 19th Intl. Geographical Congress, Stockholm, Sweden, 6-13 August 1960.

SLAVIN, S.V., doktor ekonom.nauk; GRANIK, G.I., kand.ekonom.nauk; KUZAKOV,
K.G., kand.ekonom.nauk; MIKHAYLOV, S.V., kand.ekonom.nauk; SHAPALIN,
B.F., kand.geograf.nauk; KAMENITSER, L.S., nauchnyy sotrudnik;
MOSKVIN, D.D., nauchnyy sotrudnik; TYURDENEV, A.P., nauchnyy sotrudnik;
LEDENTSOVA, N.A., inzh.; KOZLOV, B.K., kand.tekhn.nauk, starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; HRONSHTEYN, L.B., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik;
BOVKUN, A.Ye.; VERSHININ, A.A., okhotoved; SERGEYEV, M.A., retsenzent;
AGRANAT, G.A., kand.geograf.nauk, red.; PUZANOVA, V.F., kand.geograf.
nauk; SHENKMAN, V.I., red.izd-va; BRUZGUL', V.V., tekhn.red.

[Problems in the development of the productive forces of Kamchatka Province] Problemy razvitiia proizvoditel'nykh sil Kamchatskoi oblasti. Moskva, 1960. 420 p. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil.
Sektor prirodnykh resursov i ekonomiki Severa. 2. Zaveduyushchiy Sektorom prirodnykh resursov i ekonomiki Severa Soveta po izucheniyu proizvorom prirodnykh sil AN SSSR (for Slavin). 3. Institut energetiki AN SSSR
ditel'nykh sil AN SSSR (for Slavin). 3. Institut energetiki AN SSSR
(for Kozlov). 4. Tikhookeanskiy rybnyy institut (TINRO) (for Bronshteyn). 5. Starshiy ekonomist Kamchatskogo oblplana (for Bovkun).
6. Kamchatskoye otdeleniye Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo
instituta zhivotnogo syr'ya i pushniny (for Vershinin).

(Kamchatka Province--Economic conditions)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"

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SLAVIN, S.V., doktor ekon. nauk; GRANIK, G.I., kand. ekon. nauk; LOGINOV, V.P.; MIKHAYLOV, S.V.; SHAPALIN, B.F., kand. geogr. nauk; AVAKYAN, M.I., nauchnyy sotr.; ZAKHAROV, G.A., nauchnyy sotr.; KAMENITSER, L.S., nauchnyy sotr.; TITOVA, N.I., nauchnyy sotr.; TYURDENEV, A.P., nauchnyy sotr.; CHUGUNOV, B.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotr.; KOGAN, I.L.; MESHKOVSKAYA, L.V., starshiy inzh.; nauchnyy sotr.; KOGAN, I.L.; Prinimali uchastiye: Agranat, LUKIN, I.I.; FAYERSHTEYN, R.I.; Prinimali uchastiye: Agranat, G.A., kand. geogr. nauk, red.; PUZANOVA, V.F., kand. geogr. nauk, red.; KUPRIYANOV, A.B., nauchnyy sotr., red.; SOBOLEV, Yu.A., red. izd-va; TIKHOMIROVA, S.G., tekhn. red.

[Problems in developing the productive forces of Magadan Province]
Problemy razvitia proizvoditel nykh sil Magadanskoi oblasti. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1961. 301 p. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil.
2. Glavnyye inshenera proyekta "Dal'stroyproyekt" (for Kogan,
Fayershteyn). 3. Institut ekonomiki Akademii nauk SSSR (for Chugunov).
4. Energoupravleniye Magadanskogo Soveta narodnogo khozyaystva (for Meshkovskaya). 5. Nachal'nik Oblastnogo otdela po delam stroitel'stva i arkhitektury Magadanskoy oblasti (for Lukin).

(Magadan Province—Industries) (Magadan Province—Economic policy)

CONTRACT STANDARDS CONTRACTOR CON

5/200/61/000/007/001/006 D238/D302

AUTHOR:

Granik, G.I.

TITLE:

Questions of mastering the natural resources of the

North-East of the USSR

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Sibirskoye otdeleniye, no. 7, 1961, 3 - 12

TEXT: The author reviews the natural resources of the North-East of the USSR -- a vast, sparsely-populated territory of some 4.3 million km2 -- and discusses the problems of their exploitation that were raised at the XXI Party Congress. The economic development of the region is restricted by its size, remoteness and climate and by the lack of communications. Despite these difficulties, however, the net cost of mining non-ferrous metals in the area is considerably lower than in other parts of the USSR owing to the high grade of the ore deposits. The discovery of huge diamond pipes in Western Yakutiya -- in the Malo-Botuobin, Sredne-Markha, Daldyn,

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S/200/61/000/007/001/006 D238/D302

Questions of mastering ...

Verkhne-Tyunga, Verkhne-Muna, Alakitsk and Sredne-Olenek areas -is of extreme significance since their exploitation will enable the Soviet Union to become self-sufficient in this vital commodity. The fulfil ment of this ambition necessitates the expansion of existing power and transportation facilities; the construction of the Vilyuy hydroelectric station, new docks at Mukhtya and Zhigansk and a highway between Zhigansk and Daldyn. Further large and rich deposits of gold have recently been found at Chukotka, where new smelters are to be erected, at Aldan and along the coast of the Okhotsk Sea. The importance of these deposits is enhanced by the fact that they can be mined under very favorable conditions. The large Deputate, Ilin-Tass, Alys-Khay and Burgochany deposits of tin and the smaller deposits of Primor'ya will play an ever-increasing role in the regions economy, while geologic exploration has revealed the existence of further reserves of tin in the Polousnom Range. Mica and tungsten are also known to occur in considerable quantities in various parts of the North-East. The existence of extensive coal and iron-ore deposits situated within 60 - 100 km of each other in Southern Yaku-

Card 2/5

S/200/61/000/007/001/006 D238/D302

Questions of mastering ...

tiya is conducive to establishing local centers of ferrous metallurgy. The coal reserves of this part of Yakutiya amount to some 40.8 billion tons, while the reserves of proved and possible ironore total about 1.9 billion tons. A new iron and steel works is scheduled for the town of Chul'man in view of its proximity to Lake Baykal. Geologic prospecting has proved up to 1 billion tons of rock-salt in Yakutiya, over half of this tonnage being concentrated in the single Solyanskoye deposit. It will eventually be possible to meet all the salt requirements of Yakutiya, Kamchatka, Sakhalin and Primor'ya from the salt mines of the Olekminsk area. The Lena-Arctic Ocean route will be used for this purpose, although there is the alternative of shipping salt down the Lena and thence by railroad to the Vladivostok area; this latter route may, in fact, be more suitable in view of the possible development of a large market for Olekminsk salt in Japan. There are indications of oil in the Anadyrskaya Lowlands, but further prospecting is necessary before the oil potential of this region can be correctly assessed. Pools with a possible content of 900 billion m3 of natural gas

Card 3/5

S/200/61/000/007/001/006 D238/D302

Questions of mastering ...

have been discovered in the Vilyuy basin and in various parts of the Priverkhoyansk depression. A gas pipeline between Tass, Tumus, Yakutsk and Pokrovsk is to be built within seven years, and additional pipelines are planned for the future. Owing to the absence of railroads and the small number of highways most bulk commodities -have to be transported by sea or river. Certain developments in the communications field are accordingly suggested: The building of a highway from Tommot via Yakutsk and Khandyga to Kadykchan and of other motor-roads in the Khandyga-Ege Khay, Kobyume-Marshal'skiy, Nizhniye Kresty-Bilibino and Mukhtuy-Mirnyy areas; and the construction of a railroad from Bam through Aldan and Yakutsk to Magadan. On completion of these projects much of the North-East will be linked with the existing highway and railroad networks of the USSR. In conclusion, the author notes that the foregoing developments will lead to the creation of the following industrial districts and regions: the Aldan district -- mining of gold, mica, quartz and coal; Western Yakutiya -- diamond-mining; Central Yakutiya -- oil and gas exploitation; North-East Yakutiya - mining of gold, tin and polymetals; the Kolymo-Magadan district -- gold- and tin-mining, Card 4/5

\$/200/61/000/007/001/006

Questions of mastering ...

D238/D302

metal-refining and fishing; the Chukotka national region -- mining of gold, tin and tungsten.

ASSOCIATION: Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil pri goseko-

nomsovete SSSR (Committee for the Study of Productive

Forces, State Economics Council, USSR)

SUBMITTED:

July 29, 1960

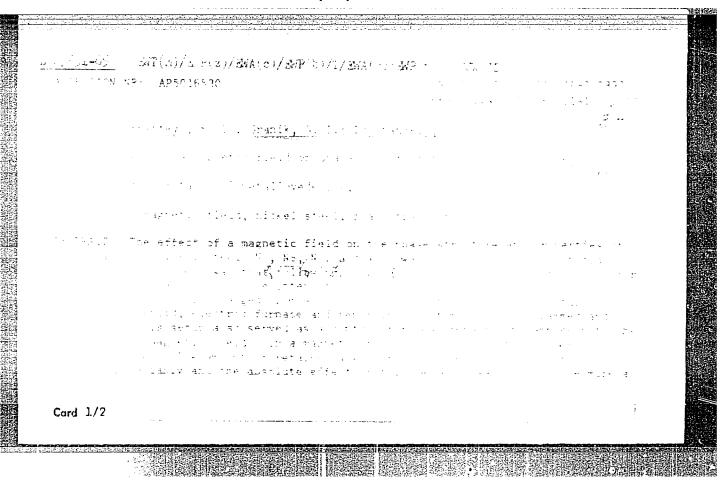
Card 5/5

	Annals of	navigation on	Yakut river	s. Let. Se	v. 3:211-22:	2 '62. RA 15:8)	
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	.2. 50000		(Yakutia-	-Inland nav	igation)		
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GRANIK, G.I.

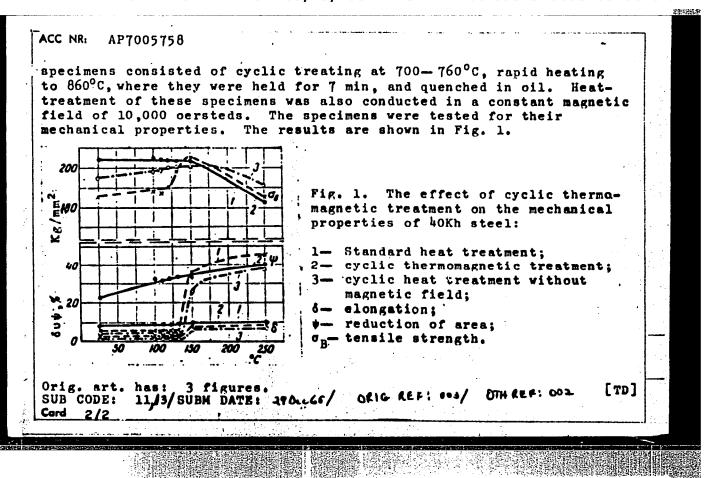
Problems in industrial development and comprehensive utilization of natural resources in northwestern Russia. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no.6:23-32 N-D 165. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil pri Gosplane SSSR.



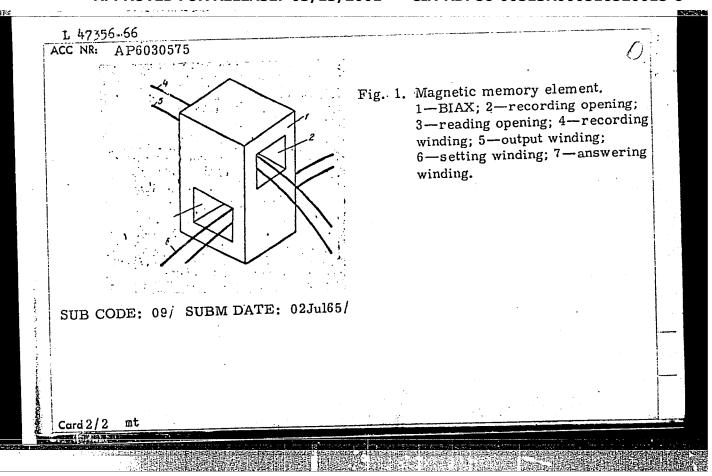
ACCESSION NR: AP5016530		/	,
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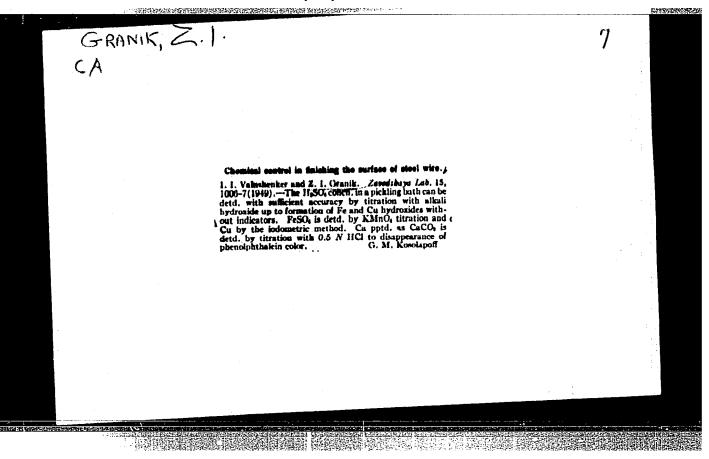
SOURCE CODE: UR/0126/67/023/001/0158/0161 ACC NRI AP7005758 AUTHOR: Bernshteyn, M. L.; Granik, G. I.; Zaymovskiy, V. A. ORG: Moscow Institute of Steel and Alloys (Moskovskiy institut stali i splavov) TITLE: The effect of cyclic thermomagnetic treatment near the Curie point on the ductility of iron SOURCE: Fizika metallov i metallovedeniye, v. 23, no. 1, 1967, 158-161 TOPIC TAGS: thermomagnetic effect, Curic point, iron property, steel property/Armco iron, 40Kh steel ABSTRACT: Armco iron specimens were heated for five cycles, each at 750 for 10 min and 790°C for 10 min; after which the temperature was rapidly raised to 920°C where the specimens were held for '3 minutes and then quenched in water. The thermal treatment was conducted in a constant magnetic field of 10,000 cersteds. It was found that magnetic treatment lowered the nil-ductility temperature of the Armco iron specimens. For instance, at - 96°C the notch toughness was increased from 3.5 kgm/cm² (cyclic heat treatment without magnetic field) to ll kgm/cm² (cyclic thermomagnetic treatment), and at -75°C it was increased from 6.5 to 19 kgm/cm2, respectively. Thermal treatment of 40Kh steel UDC: 539.4.016 **Card** 1/2



IJP(c) BB/GG EMT(d)/EWP(1) L 47356-66 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/016/0055/0056 ACC NR: AP6030575 INVENTOR: Belousov, B. V.; Granik, V. A. ORG: none Class 21, No. 184937 TITLE: Magnetic memory element. SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 16, 1966, 55-56 TOPIC TAGS: magnetic memory element, memory element ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a magnetic memory element, (see Fig. 1), made with a BIAX-type magnetic conductor, containing recording, answering, and output windings; the answering and output windings are broached in different apertures. To obtain a ternary memory element with nondestructive information readout, an additional winding is used which is passed through the answering aperture. The pulse is sent over this winding before the recording cycle to set the magnetic recording conductor at "zero". Orig. art. has: 1 figure. [NT] [Translation] UDC: 681.142.07 Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"





TINYAKOV, G.G.; ORANIKOV, D.A.; MIKHEYEVA, G.A.

Microstructure of hard rennet cheeses. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; 91ehch. tekh. no.4:68-74 °61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Moskovskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut myasnoy i molochnoy promyshlennosti, kafedra tekhnologii moloka i molochnykh produktov i kafedra anatomii i gistologii.

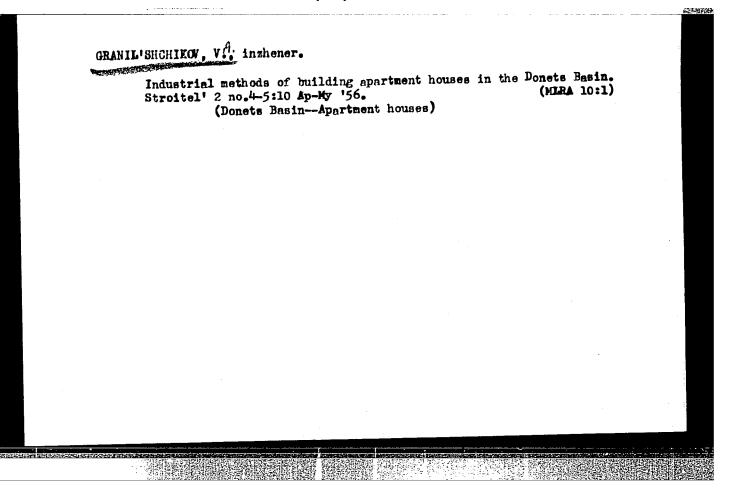
(Cheese)

GRANIL'SHCHIKOV, F. A.

24096

GRANTL'SHCHIKOV, P. A. Industrial'nyy metod ukladki uzkokoleynykh lesovoznykh zheleznykh dorog. Les. Prom-st', 1949, No. 7, S. 9-11.

SO: Letopis, No. 32, 1949.



GRANIL'SHCHIKOV, V. inshener; KUZNETSOV, I., inshener.

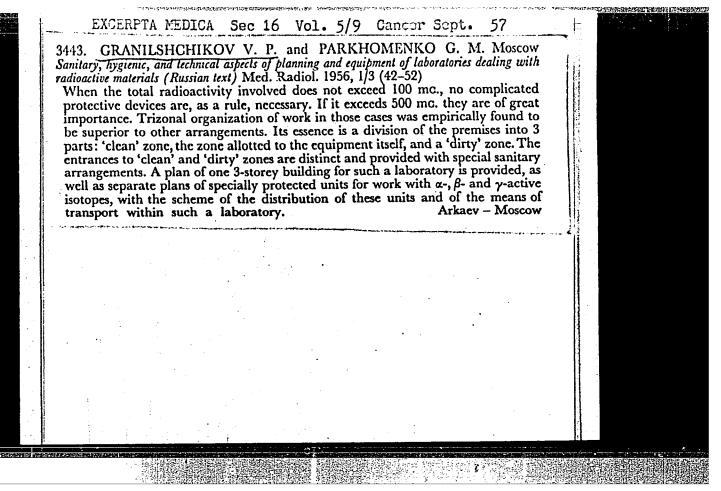
Designing and building large-span reinforced concrete bridges in cities. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 6 no.6:25-27 '56. (NLRA 9:12)

(Bridges, Concrete)

GRANIL'SHCHIKOW, V.A., inzhener.

Hodern reinforced-concrete long-span bridges abroad. Bet.1 zhel.-bet.
no.9:334-336 S '56.
(Bridges, Concrete)

(Bridges, Concrete)



GRANIL'SHCHIKOV, V.P.; PARKHOMENKO, G.M.

Planning of laboratories and radiation safety. Med. rad. 5 no.12:
47-56 '60.

(RADIATION PROTECTION)

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6"

CHERNAYA, A.P.; ROSHCHINA, K.N.; GRANIL'SHCHIKOVA, M.A.

Stimulation of labor activity. Akush.i gin. no.5:109 161.

(MIRA 15:1)

1. Iz rodil'nogo doma (glavnyy vrach - zasluzhennyy vrach RSFSR Yu.V. Korchagin) Chetvertogo Glavnogo upravleniya (glavnyy akusherginekolog - prof. V.P. Mikhaylov) pri Ministerstve zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

(LABOR (OBSTETRICS))

· 分學者是如此的學者。 Apple Appl

GRANIN, A.V.

Treatment of pulpitis with biomycin in combination with a dionine. Stomatologiia 41 no.5291 S-0 '62. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Iz bol'nitsy No.2 (glavnyy vrach T.F.Voronina) g. Mariinska Kemerovskoy oblasti. (GUMS_DISEASES) (AUREOMYCIN) (MORPHINE)

GRANIN, D., MARITSKIY, A.

Science-United States

Chroniclers of the electric chair ("A chronological history of electrical development from 600 B. C." Reviewed by D. Granin, A. Pariiskiy). Tekh. molod., no. 2, 1952.

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Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

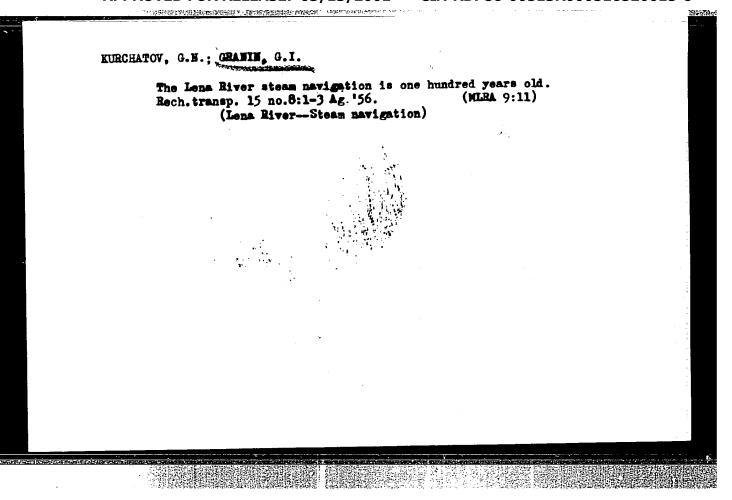
GRANIN, GRANIN, Daniil; ZUBKOVA, T.D., red.; LEVONEVSKAYA, L.G., tekhn. red.

[Island of the young; stories about Cuba]Ostrov molodykh; rasskazy o Kube. Leningrad, Lenizdat, 1962. 100 p.
(MIRA 15:12)
(Cuba—Description and travel)

GRANIN, Danill; TKHORZHEVSKIY, S.S., red.; KOMM, V.G., tekhn. red.

[Unexpected morning]Neozhidannoe utro. Moskva, Izd-vo "Sovet-skii pisatel'," 1962. 129 p. (MIRA 16:3)

(Cuba--Description and travel)



Commencer of the property of the state of th

GRANIN.M.

Seminar for club workers. Sov.profsoiusy 3 no.9:55 S'55. (MLRA 8:12)

1. Zaveduyushchiy profkabinetom oblsovprofa, Chita (Chita--Community centers)

- 1 Notes that contrates a designation is considered to the designation of the designation of the constraint of the cons

GRANIN, M. (g.Chita)

A dermitery council with initiative. Sev.prefseiumy 4 me.3:64-65
Nr '56.

1.Zaveduyushchiy prefmbinetem pri Chitenskem ebleevprefe.
(Chita--Cemmunity centers)

USSR / General and Special Zoology. Insects.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 4, 1958, 16471

: Degtyareva A.S., Sanin V.A., Granin E.F. Author

: Not given

: The Effectiveness of New Chlororganic Insecticides Inst Title

in the Control of the Beet Weevil.

(Effectivnost! novykh khlororganicheskikh insekticidov v bor'be so sveklovichnym dolgonosikom.)

Orig Pub: Nauchn. tr. In-ta entomol. 1 fitopatol. AN UkSSR,

1956,7,5-20.

Abstract: Laboratory, small-plot experiments, and production

studies demonstrated that chlorothane, chlorothane with DDT, chlorindane, and chlorophene were practically equal in effectiveness when sprayed on the young beet sprouts; they brought about death of the weevil beetles (80 - 100%) in eight days.

card 1/3

33

USSR / General and Special Zoology. Insects.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/20011647CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6

Abstract: Chlorothane and chlorophene were somewhat more effective.. The emulsions of these preparations in above ground and aroplane spraying did not yield to DDT emulsion in the rapidity and duration of action and were greatly superior to HCCH emulsion in an equal outlay of the technical product on one hectare. Emulsions of polychlorpinane and polychlorcamphene (a dark method of chlorination) were also very effective and did not scorch the The new preparations were successful in hot and cool weather with frequent precipitation. An effective quantity of the outlay of all the new insecticides was 1 kg/hectare. A 3% concentration of the preparation in an outlay of 50 litres to a hectare of land was recommended for aeroplane spraying, and a 0.4% concen-

card 2/3

UJSR / General and Special Zoology. Insects.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 4, 1958, 16467

: Orlacheva K.A., Granin E.F. : Institute of Entomology and Phytopathology of the Author

Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian SSR. Inst

: Toxicological Evaluation of Various Insecticides in the Treatment of Seeds and Spraying of the Sugar-Title

beet sprouts. (Toksikologicheskaya otsenka razlichnykh insecticidov pri obrabotke semyan i

opryskivanii vakhodov sakharnoi svekly)

Orig Pub: Nauchn. tr. In-ta entomol. i fytopatol. AN Ukssr.

1956,7,46-57

Abstract: The best sprouts from seeds treated with [hexa-

chlorane] HCCH enriched with y-isomer developed well and were highly resistant to damage by

beet weevils. An outlay of more than 0.2 kg/c

Card 1/2

28

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520015-6 GRANTN, Ye.F.

USSR / General and Specialized Zoology: Insects. Insect and Mito Posts.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 10, 1958, No 44846

Authors : Gar, K. A.; Granin, Ye. F.

Inst : Not given

Title : The Testing of New Preparations for Presowing Treatment of

Sugar-Boot Soeds.

Orig Pub : Zashchita rast. ot vredit. i bolezney, 1957, No. 1, 46.

Abstract : Chlordane, heptachlor, aldrin, dieldrin, isodrine and endrine were tested in experiments on small plots. Ethalone - HCCH (technical and enriched with gamma-isomer to 99-100 percent). The effectiveness was determined at various periods (up to 9 days) after sprouts appeared in glass containers on the plots The dead beetles were counted 1 1/2 and 3 days after adding them to the plant containers. All the insecticides tested led

MEL'NIKOV, N.N.; VOL'FSON, L.G.; KUZNETSOVA, K.V.; SAPOZHKOV, Yu.N.;

GAR, K.A.; GRANIN, Ye.F.; FARBER, M.S.

Insecticides based on hexachlorocyclopentadiene. [Trudy] NIUIF
no.164:8-11 '\$9. (Gyclopentadiene)

(Gyclopentadiene)

GRANIN, Ye. F., Cand Agric Sci (diss) -- "A study of the toxicity, stability, and effectiveness of a series of organic-halide insecticides". Moscow, 1960. 25 pp (State Committee of the Council of Ministers USSR on Chem, Sci Inst of Fertilizers and Insectofungicides im Prof Ye. V. Samoylov), 200 copies (KL, No 15, 1960, 138)

KRYUKOV, G. P.; MIKIFOROV, A. M.; PETRUSHOVA, N. I., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; GRANIN, Ye. F., naucknyy sotrudnik

Questions and answers. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 6 no.69 39-40 Je 61. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom okhrany truda TSentral'nogo komiteta professional'nogo soyuza rabochikh i slushashchikh sel'skogo khozyaystva i zagotovok (for Kryukov). 2. Mikitskiy botanicheskiy sad, Yalta (for Petrushova). 3. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po udobreniyam i insektofungisidam imeni Samoylova (for Granim).

(Plants, Protection of)

MEL'NIKOV, N.N.; VOLODKOVICH, S.D.; VOL'FSON, L.G.; GRANIN, Ye.F.

್ನು ಕ್ರಾಂತ್ರವೇ ಸ್ಪರ್ಷ್ಟ್ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಕ್ಷಣಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಷ್ಟ್ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಕ್ಷಣಗಳ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಾತ್ರವೇ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಾತ್ರಗಳ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಾತ್ರಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸಂಪರ್ಣಕ್ಷಣಗಳ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಕ್ಷಣಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸಂಪರ್ಣಕ್ಷಣಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗೆ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ವರರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರಿಗೆ ಸ್ಥರಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರಿಗೆ ಸ್ಥರಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರಿಗೆ ಸ್ಥರಾಗಿಗೆ ಸ್ಥರಿಗಳ ಸ್ಥರ್ಥಿಗೆ ಸ್ಥರಿಗಳ ಸ

Production and insecticide properties of octachloroendomethylenetetrahydrenthalan. Zhur. prikl. khim. 34 no. 12:2716-2722 D '61.

(MIRA 15:1)

1. Nauchnyy institut po udobreniyam i insektofungisidam imeni professora Samoylova.

(Phthalan)

(Beet pests) (Heptachlor) (Pinene)	(Beet pests) (Heptachlor) (Pinene)	Effectiveness of the emulsion of heptachlor and polychloropinene against beet weevils. [Trudy] NIUIF no.171:70-73 '61.				hloropinene 61. (MIRA 15:7)
			(Beet pests)	(Heptachlor)	(Pinene)	(runn 1))))
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GRANIN, Ye.F., kand.sel'skokhosyaystvennykh nauk

Chlorine organic insecticides (to be continued). Zashch. rast.
ot vred. i bol. 7 no.1:43-44 '62. (MIRA 15:6)
(Chlorine organic compounds)
(Insecticides)

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GRANIN, Ye.F.

Chlorine organic insecticides (to be continued). Zashch. rast. ot wred. 1 bol. 7 no.3:44-45 % '62. (MIRA 15:11)

(DDT (Insecticide))

	Chlorine i bol. 7	organic insecticides no.6241-42 Je *62. (CHLORINE ORGANIC	(continuation).	. Zashch.rast.ot (MIRA SECTICIDES)	; vr ed, 15:12)	

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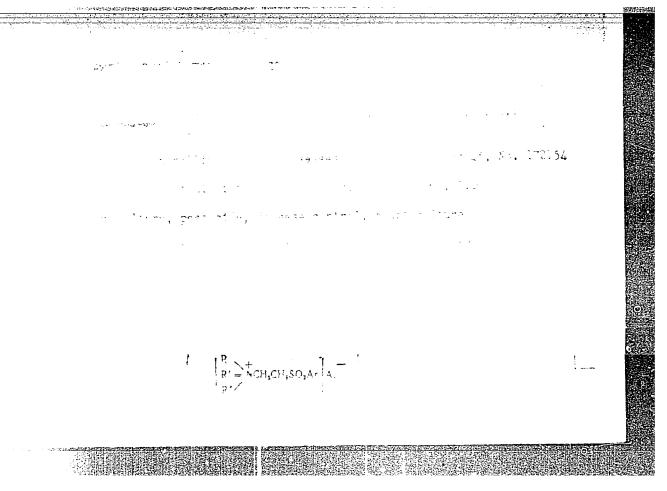
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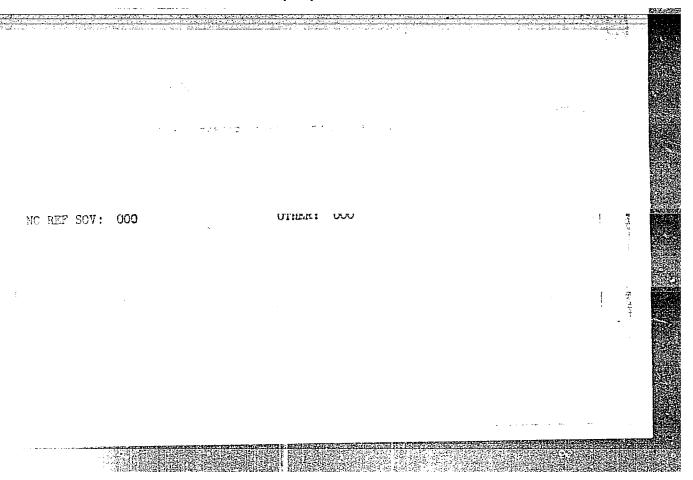
CRANIN, Ye.F., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk

Chlorine organic insecticides (continuation). Zashch.
rast. ot vred. i bol. 7 no.7:43-44 Jl '62. (MIRA 15:11)

(Insecticides)

(Chlorine organic compounds)





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ACCESSION NR: AP5019085

UR/0286/65/000/012/0110/0110

AUTHORS: Granin, Ye. F.; Fadeyev, Yu. N.; Zhilitsova, G. I.; Bliznyuk, N. K.; Kolomiyets, A. F.; Golubeva, R. N.

TITLE: A method for controlling fungous diseases of plants. Class 45, No. 172153

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 12, 1965, 110

TOPIC TAGS: agriculture, pesticide, fungicide, disease control, plant culture

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for controlling fungous diseases of plants by treating the latter with fungicides. To broaden the assortment of fungicides, derivatives of β -phosphorylethanesulfoacid are used as fungicides. These compounds follow the general formula

PCH2CH2SO3Λr,

where R and R' are alkoxyl, aroxyl, alkyl, aryl, or hydroxyl, and Ar is a non-replaced or replaced aryl.

ASSOCIATION: none

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP5019085				0
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[Card 2/2 11/4]				

Deformation of the cut-off layer in cut-og metals with round self-rotating cutting tools. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; meshinostr. no.3:151-157 *64. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Khar'kovskiy aviatsionnyy institut.

TE-4 MJW/JD/HW	. 2011年末
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Jemlyanskiy, L.A. (Docent); Francis	A Long Contract
	3 3
TITIE: Dynamic investigations of round rotar	ry cutters
SOURCE: IVUZ. Mashinostroyeniye, no. 1, 196	65, 180-185
10910 TAGS: cutting tool, cutting force / 31	hKhlj steel, R.Z.steel
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cord measurements of outting forces constant Rid steel outter (0 m 0.1)	THE CHARLES AND A SECOND TO THE CONTRACT OF
may as A increased from 36-600, Pg a	swith as estimated from 120 AB centix

noreased by 49% (from 70 kg	;) and P, remained constant (at 90 kg). Changing
e in ting speed from 15-85	$6 \text{ m/min} (\lambda = 50^{\circ}, S = 07 \text{ m})$ $\approx 40 \text{ m/min}, \text{ and they decrease}$	('rev, t = 0.4 mm) gave
musmostively at 85 m/m	in. The effects of charging	tra fasd from 0.11-0.87
m/rev , $v = 5$ m/rev distribution the feed and 67% which the same x had the same	r = 42.5) and the depth of our ain) were to increase the out ien doubling the depth of out as effect as on other types out #200, Figure 200 Promainers	Ting forces ($\approx 40\%$ when $^{\circ}$. Thenging the tool follows pro-
. Ass also found that lubri	ication with oil and mp0 uir.	udu teormasa Sha dutti ng
	ne maxima from $v = 40 \text{ m/min}$ to P_2 according to the above eq.	
· X	o average). Orig. art. has:	3 figures and 2 formulas.
within to.5 and -2:5° (+1.5°		
	ENCL: Ol	SUB CODE: IE
within to.5 and $-2:5^{\circ}$ (+1.5° ALSCOLATION: none	encl: 01 OTHER: 000	SUB CODE: DE